San José Police and Fire Postemployment Healthcare Plan



Preliminary Actuarial Valuation Results June 30, 2024

December 5, 2024

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Agenda



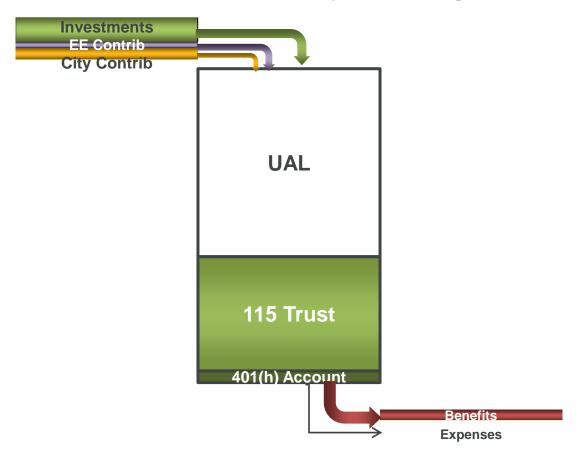
- Background
- Preliminary Valuation Results
 - Membership
 - Contributions
 - Funded Status
 - Changes in UAL



A Dynamic System



Explicit Subsidy Funding



- Primary purpose of valuation is to set City contributions
 - 2024 valuation develops contributions for FYE 2026
- Project future benefit payments
 - Plan provisions, census data, and actuarial assumptions
- Determine funding target
 - Actuarial cost method and assumptions
- Set City contributions
 - Plan provisions, actuarial methods, and discount rate
 - Member contributions are fixed

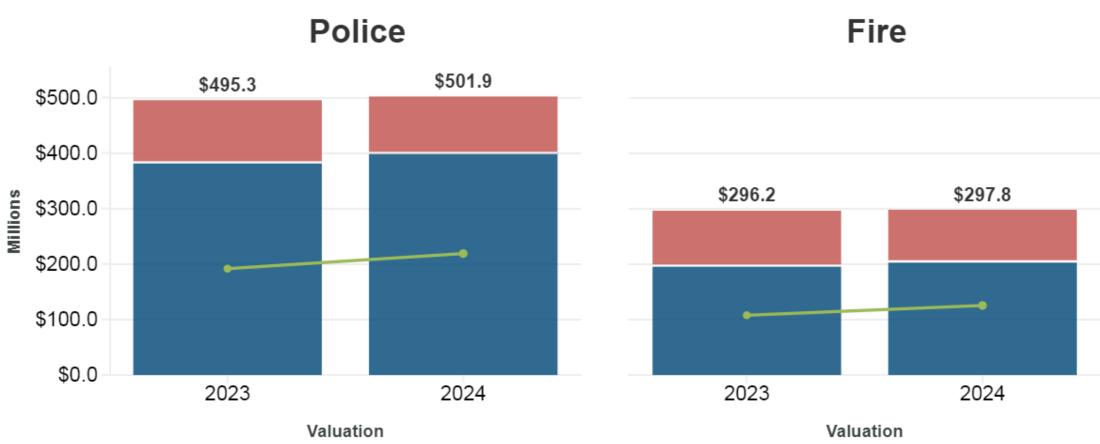


Preliminary Valuation Results – Explicit Subsidy











Funded Status



Unfunded Actuarial Liability - Explicit Subsidy Only													
	Police Department						Fire Department						
		2023		2024	% Change		2023		2024	% Change			
Actuarial Liability													
Actives	\$	118,037	\$	107,370	-9.0%	\$	103,774	\$	97,117	-6.4%			
Deferred Vested		1,014		1,021	0.7%		1,115		1,496	34.2%			
In Pay Status		376,261		393,489	<u>4.6</u> %		191,314		199,231	<u>4.1</u> %			
Total	\$	495,312	\$	501,880	1.3%	\$	296,203	\$	297,844	0.6%			
Assets		191,682		218,894	<u>14.2</u> %		107,682		125,313	<u>16.4</u> %			
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$	303,630	\$	282,986	-6.8 %	\$	188,521	\$	172,531	-8.5%			
Funded Percentage	38.7%			43.6%	4.9%	36.4%			42.1%	5.7%			

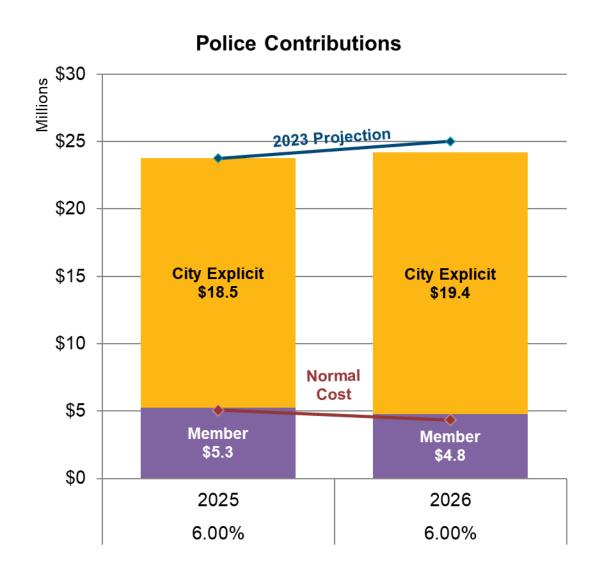
Dollar amounts in thousands

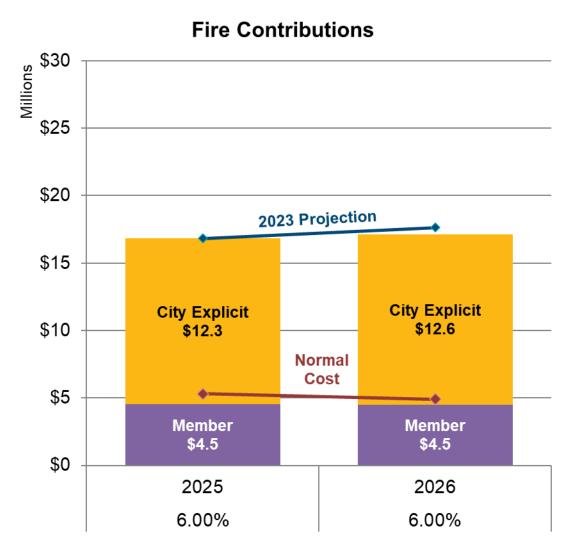
- Actuarial Liability increased less than expected due to better-than-expected experience
- Assets increased due to contributions and investment returns
- The funded status for the explicit subsidy decreased
 - From 38.7% to 43.6% for Police; and,
 - From 36.4% to 42.1% for Fire



Preliminary Valuation Results – Explicit Subsidy





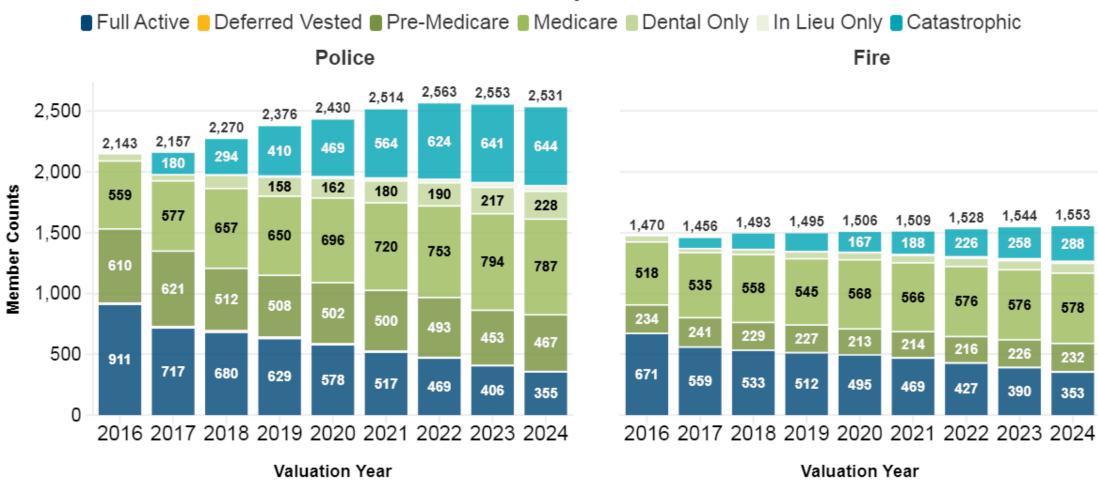




Membership Trends



Membership Trends





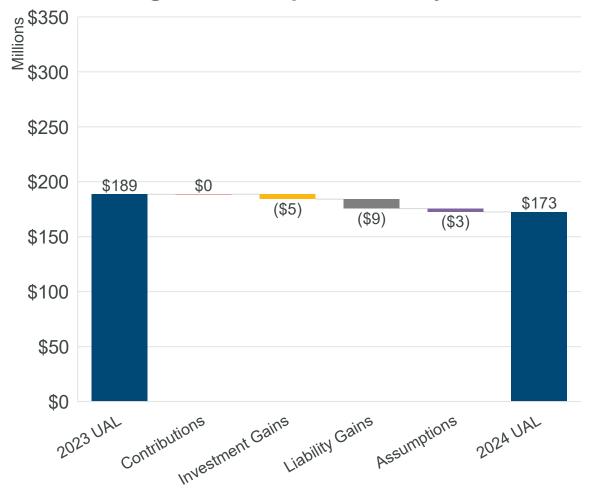
Changes in UAL – Explicit Subsidy



Change in Police Explicit Subsidy UAL



Change in Fire Explicit Subsidy UAL

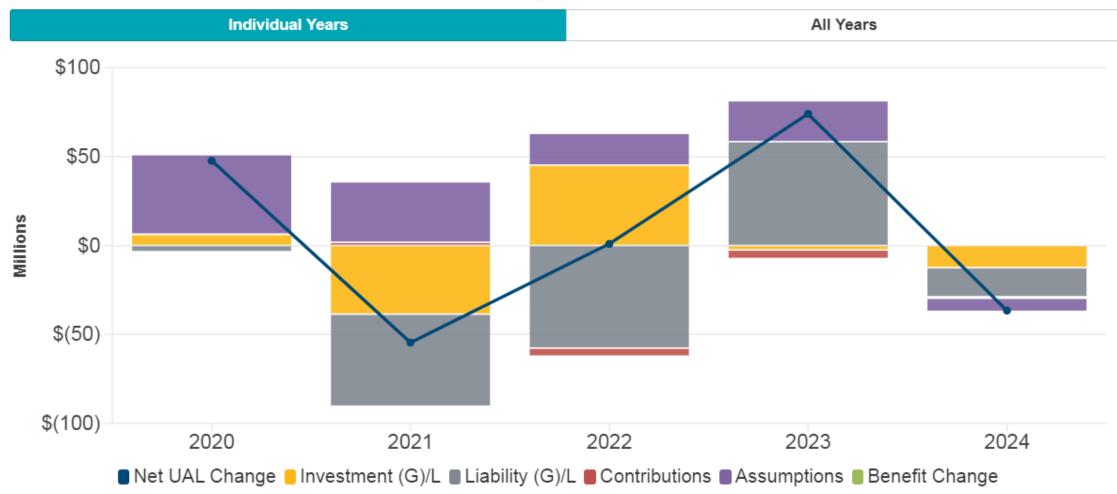




Historical Changes in UAL – Explicit Subsidy



Changes in UAL

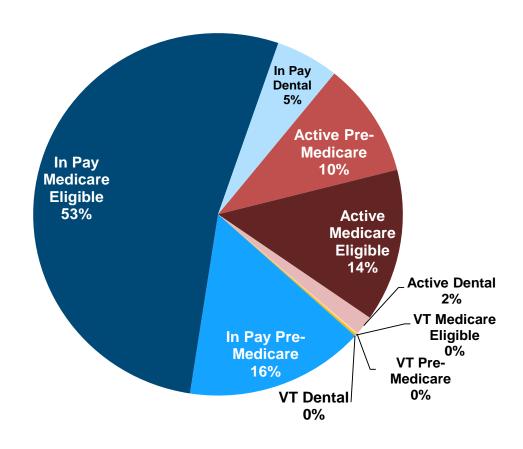




Actuarial Liability by Benefit



Actuarial Liability



Liability Breakdown

- 74% currently in pay status
- 67% medical benefits after eligibility for Medicare
- 26% medical benefits prior to eligibility for Medicare
- 7% dental benefits

Explicit Subsidy Contributions



Summary of Contribution Amounts Payments Throughout the Year												
		Police Department					Fire Department					
		2025		2026	% Change		2025		2026	% Change		
Explicit Subsidy Members City's ADC	\$	5,252 18,507	\$	4,783 19,415	-8.9% 4.9%	\$	4,549 12,270	\$	4,500 12,638	-1.1% 3.0%		

Dollar amounts in thousands

- Member contributions are generally declining as members eligible for full benefits retire
- City's explicit subsidy contribution increased by \$1.3 million
- In aggregate, City's explicit subsidy contribution is about \$277,000 lower than the City's optional contribution cap



Certification



The purpose of this presentation is to show the preliminary results of the June 30, 2024 Actuarial Valuation for the City of San José's Police and Fire Postemployment Healthcare Plan.

This presentation was prepared exclusively for the Board of Administration for the purpose described herein. Other users of this presentation are not intended users as defined in the Actuarial Standards of Practice, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any other user.

In preparing our presentation, we relied on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the Plan. This information includes, but is not limited to, the plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23.

Cheiron utilizes ProVal actuarial valuation software leased from Winklevoss Technologies (WinTech) to calculate liabilities and project benefit payments. We have relied on WinTech as the developer of ProVal. We have a basic understanding of ProVal and have used ProVal in accordance with its original intended purpose. We have not identified any material inconsistencies in assumptions or output of ProVal that would affect this valuation.

Health care trends for this valuation were developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model and its baseline projection are based on an econometric analysis of historical U.S. medical expenditures and the judgments of experts in the field. The long-run baseline projection and input variables have been developed under the guidance of the SOA Project Oversight Group.



Certification (continued)



We have relied on the Society of Actuaries as the developer of the Model. We have reviewed the Model and have a basic understanding of the Model and have used the Model in accordance with its original intended purpose. We have not identified any material inconsistencies in assumptions or output of the Model that would affect this valuation.

This presentation has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices and our understanding of the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board as well as applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we collectively meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this presentation. This presentation does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys, and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

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